

# SAFETY DATA SHEET

(REACH regulation (EC) n° 1907/2006 - n° 453/2010)

## SECTION 1 : IDENTIFICATION OF THE SUBSTANCE/MIXTURE AND OF THE COMPANY/UNDERTAKING

### 1.1. Product identifier

Product name : SDI NEW - AEROSOL  
Product code : 504A

### 1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Degreasing solvent  
Professional use

### 1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

VICTORIA LUB PTY LTD  
24, 29-39 KIRKHAM RD WEST  
KEYSBOROUGH VIC 3173  
TEL: +613 9701 5373 info@viclube.com.au  
www.viclube.com.au

## SECTION 2 : HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

### 2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

#### In compliance with EC regulation No. 1272/2008 and its amendments.

Non-flammable aerosol, Category 3 (Aerosol 3, H229).  
Skin irritation, Category 2 (Skin Irrit. 2, H315).  
Eye irritation, Category 2 (Eye Irrit. 2, H319).  
Skin sensitisation, Category 1 (Skin Sens. 1, H317).  
Carcinogenicity, Category 2 (Carc. 2, H351).  
Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure), Category 3 (STOT SE 3, H335).  
Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure), Category 3 (STOT SE 3, H336).  
Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure), Category 2 (STOT RE 2, H373).  
Hazardous to the aquatic environment - Chronic hazard, Category 3 (Aquatic Chronic 3, H412).

#### In compliance with directives 67/548/EEC, 1999/45/EC and their amendments.

Serious effects after prolonged or repeated oral exposure: harmful (Xn, R 48/22).  
Skin irritation (Xi, R 38).  
Eye irritation (Xi, R 36).  
Irritant for the respiratory tract (Xi, R 37).  
Skin sensitisation (Xi, R 43).  
Vapours may cause drowsiness and dizziness (R 67).  
Category 3 carcinogen (Xn, R 40 Carc. Cat. 3).  
Aquatic environmental hazard, chronic toxicity: harmful (R 52/53).  
This mixture does not present a physical hazard. Refer to the recommendations regarding the other products present on the site.

### 2.2. Label elements

Detergent mixture (see section 15).  
Mixture for aerosol application.

#### In compliance with EC regulation No. 1272/2008 and its amendments.

Hazard pictograms :



GHS07



GHS08

Signal Word :  
WARNING

## Product identifiers :

EC 200-838-9                   DICHLOROMETHANE  
 EC 232-433-8                   ORANGE, SWEET, EXT.

## Additional labeling :

6.4% by mass of the contents are flammable.

## Hazard statements :

H229                           Pressurised container: May burst if heated.  
 H315                           Causes skin irritation.  
 H317                           May cause an allergic skin reaction.  
 H319                           Causes serious eye irritation.  
 H335                           May cause respiratory irritation.  
 H336                           May cause drowsiness or dizziness.  
 H351                           Suspected of causing cancer .  
 H373                           May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure (if inhaled, if swallowed).

H412                           Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

## Precautionary statements - General :

P102                           Keep out of reach of children.

## Precautionary statements - Prevention :

P201                           Obtain special instructions before use.  
 P210                           Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.  
 P251                           Do not pierce or burn, even after use.  
 P260                           Do not breathe mist/vapours/spray.  
 P271                           Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.  
 P273                           Avoid release to the environment.  
 P280                           Wear protective gloves/eye protection/face protection.  
 P281                           Use personal protective equipment as required.

## Precautionary statements - Response :

P308 + P313                   IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention.  
 P312                           Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician if you feel unwell.

## Precautionary statements - Storage :

P410 + P412                   Protect from sunlight. Do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50 °C/122°F.

**2.3. Other hazards**

The mixture does not contain substances classified as 'Substances of Very High Concern' (SVHC) >= 0.1% published by the European Chemicals Agency (ECHA) under article 57 of REACH: <http://echa.europa.eu/fr/candidate-list-table>

The mixture satisfies neither the PBT nor the vPvB criteria for mixtures in accordance with annexe XIII of the REACH regulations EC 1907/2006.

**SECTION 3 : COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS****3.2. Mixtures****Composition :**

Identification	(EC) 1272/2008	67/548/EEC	Note	%
CAS: 75-09-2 EC: 200-838-9 REACH: 01-2119480404-41  DICHLOROMETHANE	GHS07, GHS08 Wng Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Irrit. 2, H319 STOT SE 3, H335 STOT SE 3, H336 Carc. 2, H351 STOT RE 2, H373	Xn Carc. Cat. 3;R40 Xn;R48/20/22 Xi;R36/37/38 R67	[1] [2]	50 <= x % < 100
EC: 931-254-9 REACH: 01-2119484651-34  HYDROCARBONS, C6, ISOALKANES, <5% N-HEXANE	GHS07, GHS09, GHS08, GHS02 Dgr Flam. Liq. 2, H225 Asp. Tox. 1, H304 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 STOT SE 3, H336 Aquatic Chronic 2, H411	Xn,N,F Xn;R65 Xi;R38 N;R51/53 F;R11 R67		2.5 <= x % < 10
CAS: 124-38-9	GHS04		[1]	2.5 <= x % < 10

EC: 204-696-9 CARBON DIOXIDE	Wng Press. Gas, H281			
CAS: 8028-48-6 EC: 232-433-8 ORANGE, SWEET, EXT.	GHS07, GHS09, GHS08, GHS02 Dgr Flam. Liq. 3, H226 Asp. Tox. 1, H304 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Skin Sens. 1, H317 Aquatic Acute 1, H400 M Acute = 1 Aquatic Chronic 1, H410 M Chronic = 1	Xn,N Xn;R65 Xi;R38-R43 N;R50/53 R10		0 <= x % < 2.5

**Information on ingredients :**

- [1] Substance for which maximum workplace exposure limits are available.  
[2] Carcinogenic, mutagenic or reprotoxic (CMR) substance.

**SECTION 4 : FIRST AID MEASURES**

As a general rule, in case of doubt or if symptoms persist, always call a doctor.  
NEVER induce swallowing by an unconscious person.

**4.1. Description of first aid measures****In the event of exposure by inhalation :**

In the event of massive inhalation, remove the person exposed to fresh air. Keep warm and at rest.  
If the person is unconscious, place in recovery position. Notify a doctor in all events, to ascertain whether observation and supportive hospital care will be necessary.  
If breathing is irregular or has stopped, effect mouth-to-mouth resuscitation and call a doctor.  
Consult a physician in case of disorder.

**In the event of splashes or contact with eyes :**

Wash thoroughly with soft, clean water for 15 minutes holding the eyelids open.  
Consult a specialist.

**In the event of splashes or contact with skin :**

Remove contaminated clothing and wash the skin thoroughly with soap and water or a recognised cleaner.  
Watch out for any remaining product between skin and clothing, watches, shoes, etc.  
In the event of an allergic reaction, seek medical attention.  
If the contaminated area is widespread and/or there is damage to the skin, a doctor must be consulted or the patient transferred to hospital.  
Consult a doctor in the event of irritation.

**In the event of swallowing :**

Do not give the patient anything orally.  
In the event of swallowing, if the quantity is small (no more than one mouthful), rinse the mouth with water and consult a doctor.  
Keep the person exposed at rest. Do not force vomiting.  
Seek medical attention immediately, showing the label.  
If swallowed accidentally, call a doctor to ascertain whether observation and hospital care will be necessary. Show the label.

**4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed**

No data available.

**4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed**

No data available.

**SECTION 5 : FIREFIGHTING MEASURES****5.1. Extinguishing media****Suitable methods of extinction**

In the event of a fire, use :  
- sprayed water or water mist  
- foam  
- multipurpose ABC powder  
- BC powder  
- carbon dioxide (CO<sub>2</sub>)

### Unsuitable methods of extinction

In the event of a fire, do not use :  
- water jet

### 5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

A fire will often produce a thick black smoke. Exposure to decomposition products may be hazardous to health.

Do not breathe in smoke.

In the event of a fire, the following may be formed :

- carbon monoxide (CO)
- carbon dioxide (CO<sub>2</sub>)
- phosgene (CCl<sub>2</sub>O)
- hydrogen chloride (HCl)
- chlorine (Cl<sub>2</sub>)
- various hydrocarbons
- aldehydes

### 5.3. Advice for firefighters

Due to the toxicity of the gas emitted on thermal decomposition of the products, fire-fighting personnel are to be equipped with autonomous insulating breathing apparatus.

## SECTION 6 : ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

### 6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Consult the safety measures listed under headings 7 and 8.

#### For non first aid worker

Avoid inhaling the vapors.

Avoid any contact with the skin and eyes.

If a large quantity has been spilt, evacuate all personnel and only allow intervention by trained operators equipped with safety apparatus.

#### For first aid worker

First aid workers will be equipped with suitable personal protective equipment (See section 8).

### 6.2. Environmental precautions

Contain and control the leaks or spills with non-combustible absorbent materials such as sand, earth, vermiculite, diatomaceous earth in drums for waste disposal.

Prevent any material from entering drains or waterways.

If the product contaminates waterways, rivers or drains, alert the relevant authorities in accordance with statutory procedures

Use drums to dispose of collected waste in compliance with current regulations (see section 13).

### 6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Clean preferably with a detergent, do not use solvents.

### 6.4. Reference to other sections

No data available.

## SECTION 7 : HANDLING AND STORAGE

Requirements relating to storage premises apply to all facilities where the mixture is handled. Individuals with a history of skin sensitisation should not, under any circumstance, handle this mixture.

### 7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Always wash hands after handling.

Remove and wash contaminated clothing before re-using.

Ensure that there is adequate ventilation, especially in confined areas.

Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas.

Avoid contact with skin, eyes and clothings.

Do not breathe vapours, fumes and fog.

#### Fire prevention :

Handle in well-ventilated areas.

Do not pierce or burn, even after use.

Prevent access by unauthorised personnel.

#### Recommended equipment and procedures :

For personal protection, see section 8.

Observe precautions stated on label and also industrial safety regulations.

Do not breathe in aerosols.

Avoid inhaling vapors. Carry out any industrial operation which may give rise to this in a sealed apparatus.

Provide vapor extraction at the emission source and also general ventilation of the premises.

Also provide breathing apparatus for certain short tasks of an exceptional nature and for emergency interventions.

In all cases, recover emissions at source.  
Avoid skin and eye contact with this mixture.  
Avoid exposure - obtain special instructions before use.  
Packages which have been opened must be reclosed carefully and stored in an upright position.

**Prohibited equipment and procedures :**

No smoking, eating or drinking in areas where the mixture is used.  
Never open the packages under pressure.

**7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities**

No data available.

**Storage**

Keep out of reach of children.  
Keep the container tightly closed in a dry, well-ventilated place.  
The floor must be impermeable and form a collecting basin so that, in the event of an accidental spillage, the liquid cannot spread beyond this area.  
Pressurised container: protect from sunlight and do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50°C.  
Keep the container away from heat, bad weather, dampness and freezing.

**Packaging**

Always keep in packaging made of an identical material to the original.

**7.3. Specific end use(s)**

No data available.

**SECTION 8 : EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION**

**8.1. Control parameters**

**Occupational exposure limits :**

- European Union (2009/161/EU, 2006/15/EC, 2000/39/EC, 98/24/EC)

CAS	VME-mg/m3 :	VME-ppm :	VLE-mg/m3 :	VLE-ppm :	Notes :
124-38-9	9000	5000	-	-	-

- Germany - AGW (BAuA - TRGS 900, 21/06/2010) :

CAS	VME :	VME :	Excess	Notes
75-09-2	75 ml/m3	260 mg/m3	4 (II)	AGS
124-38-9	5000 ml/m3	9100 mg/m3	2(II)	DFG, EU

- France (INRS - ED984 :2008) :

CAS	VME-ppm :	VME-mg/m3 :	VLE-ppm :	VLE-mg/m3 :	Notes :	TMP No :
75-09-2	50	178	100	356	C2,*	12
124-38-9	5000	9000	-	-	-	-

- Switzerland (SUVA 2009) :

CAS	VME-mg/m3 :	VME-ppm :	VLE-mg/m3 :	VLE-ppm :	Temps :	RSB :
75-09-2	180	50	-	-	-	B
124-38-9	9000	5000	-	-	-	-

- UK / WEL (Workplace exposure limits, EH40/2005, 2007) :

CAS	TWA :	STEL :	Ceiling :	Definition :	Criteria :
75-09-2	100 ppm	300 ppm	-	-	-
124-38-9	5000 ppm	15000 ppm	-	-	-

- Netherlands / MAC-waarde (SER, 4 May 2010) :

CAS	TWA :	STEL :	Ceiling :	Definition :	Criteria :
75-09-2	100 ppm	500 ppm	-	-	-
124-38-9	5000 ppm	-	-	-	-

- Belgium (Order of 19/05/2009, 2010) :

CAS	TWA :	STEL :	Ceiling :	Definition :	Criteria :
75-09-2	50 ppm	-	-	-	-
124-38-9	5000 ppm	30000 ppm	-	-	-

- Poland (2009) :

CAS	TWA :	STEL :	Ceiling :	Definition :	Criteria :
75-09-2	20 mg/m3	50 mg/m3	-	-	-
124-38-9	9000 mg/m3	27000 mg/m3	-	-	-

- Spain (Instituto Nacional de Seguridad e Higiene en el Trabajo (INSHT), Mayo 2010) :

CAS	TWA :	STEL :	Ceiling :	Definition :	Criteria :
75-09-2	50 ppm	-	-	-	-
124-38-9	5000 ppm	15000 ppm	-	-	-

Czech Republic (Regulation No. 361/2007) :

CAS	TWA :	STEL :	Ceiling :	Definition :	Criteria :

75-09-2	200 mg/m3	500 mg/m3	-	-	-
124-38-9	9000 mg/m3	45000 mg/m3	-	-	-

**Derived no effect level (DNEL) or derived minimum effect level (DMEL):**

HYDROCARBONS, C6, ISOALKANES, &lt;5% N-HEXANE

**Final use:**

Exposure method:

Potential health effects:

DNEL :

**Workers.**

Dermal contact.

Long term systemic effects.

13964 mg/kg de poids corporel/jour

Exposure method:

Potential health effects:

DNEL :

Inhalation.

Long term systemic effects.

5306 mg de substance/m3

**Final use:**

Exposure method:

Potential health effects:

DNEL :

**Consumers.**

Ingestion.

Long term systemic effects.

1301 mg/kg de poids corporel/jour

Exposure method:

Potential health effects:

DNEL :

Dermal contact.

Long term systemic effects.

1377 mg/kg de poids corporel/jour

Exposure method:

Potential health effects:

DNEL :

Inhalation.

Long term systemic effects.

1137 mg de substance/m3

**8.2. Exposure controls****Personal protection measures, such as personal protective equipment**

Use personal protective equipment that is clean and has been properly maintained.

Store personal protective equipment in a clean place, away from the work area.

Never eat, drink or smoke during use. Remove and wash contaminated clothing before re-using. Ensure that there is adequate ventilation, especially in confined areas.

**- Eye / face protection**

Avoid contact with eyes.

Use eye protectors designed to protect against liquid splashes

Before handling, wear safety goggles with protective sides accordance with standard EN166.

In the event of high danger, protect the face with a face shield.

Prescription glasses are not considered as protection.

Individuals wearing contact lenses should wear prescription glasses during work where they may be exposed to irritant vapours.

Provide eyewash stations in facilities where the product is handled constantly.

**- Hand protection**

Use suitable protective gloves that are resistant to chemical agents in accordance with standard EN374.

Gloves must be selected according to the application and duration of use at the workstation.

Protective gloves need to be selected according to their suitability for the workstation in question : other chemical products that may be handled, necessary physical protections (cutting, pricking, heat protection), level of dexterity required.

Type of gloves recommended :

- PVA (Polyvinyl alcohol)

- Silver Shield ® (Polyethylene / Ethylene-Vinyl-Alcohol (PE / EVOH))

- Teflon® (Polytetrafluoroethylene (PTFE))

- Viton® (Hexafluoropropylene copolymer and vinylidene fluoride)

Recommended properties :

- Impervious gloves in accordance with standard EN374

**- Body protection**

Avoid skin contact.

Wear suitable protective clothing.

Suitable type of protective clothing :

In the event of substantial spatter, wear liquid-tight protective clothing against chemical risks (type 3) in accordance with EN14605 to prevent skin contact.

In the event of a risk of splashing, wear protective clothing against chemical risks (type 6) in accordance with EN13034 to prevent skin contact.

Work clothing worn by personnel shall be laundered regularly.

After contact with the product, all parts of the body that have been soiled must be washed.

**- Respiratory protection**

Avoid breathing vapours.

If the ventilation is insufficient, wear appropriate breathing apparatus.

When workers are confronted with concentrations that are above occupational exposure limits, they must wear a suitable, approved, respiratory protection device.

Type of FFP mask :

Wear a disposable half-mask aerosol filter in accordance with standard EN149.

Category :

- FFP1

- FFP3

Anti-gas and vapour filter(s) (Combined filters) in accordance with standard EN14387 :

- AX (Brown)

Particle filter according to standard EN143 :

- P1 (White)

- P3 (White)

## SECTION 9 : PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

### 9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

#### General information :

Physical state :	Fluid liquid.
	Spray.

#### Important health, safety and environmental information

pH :	Not relevant.
Flash point interval :	Not relevant.
Vapour pressure (50°C) :	Not relevant.
Density :	1.27
Water solubility :	Insoluble.

### 9.2. Other information

Color: yellow

Odour: citrus fruits

## SECTION 10 : STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

### 10.1. Reactivity

No data available.

### 10.2. Chemical stability

This mixture is stable under the recommended handling and storage conditions in section 7.

### 10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

When exposed to high temperatures, the mixture can release hazardous decomposition products, such as carbon monoxide and dioxide, fumes and nitrogen oxide.

### 10.4. Conditions to avoid

Avoid :

- heat

- flames and hot surfaces

- accumulation of electrostatic charges.

- exposure to light

- sources of ignition

### 10.5. Incompatible materials

Keep away from :

- oxidising agents

- metals

- strong acids

- strong bases

### 10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

The thermal decomposition may release/form :

- carbon monoxide (CO)

- carbon dioxide (CO<sub>2</sub>)

- hydrogen chloride (HCl)

- phosgene (CCl<sub>2</sub>O)

- chlorine (Cl<sub>2</sub>)

- various hydrocarbons

- aldehyde

## SECTION 11 : TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

### 11.1. Information on toxicological effects

Exposure to vapours from solvents in the mixture in excess of the stated occupational exposure limit may result in adverse health effects such as mucous membrane and respiratory system irritation and adverse effects on kidney, liver and central nervous system.

Symptoms produced will include headaches, numbness, dizziness, fatigue, muscular asthenia and, in extreme cases, loss of consciousness.

May cause irreversible damage to the skin; namely inflammation of the skin or the formation of erythema and eschar or oedema following exposure up to four hours.

Repeated or prolonged contact with the mixture may cause removal of natural oil from the skin resulting in non-allergic contact dermatitis and absorption through the skin.

May have reversible effects on the eyes, such as eye irritation which is totally reversible by the end of observation at 21 days.

Splashes in the eyes may cause irritation and reversible damage

Respiratory tract irritation may occur, together with symptoms such as coughing, choking and breathing difficulties.

Narcotic effects may occur, such as drowsiness, narcosis, decreased alertness, loss of reflexes, lack of coordination or dizziness.

Effects may also occur in the form of violent headaches or nausea, judgement disorder, giddiness, irritability, fatigue or memory disturbance.

May cause an allergic reaction by skin contact.

Suspected human carcinogen.

May cause severe damage to organs in the event of repeated or prolonged exposure.

#### 11.1.1. Substances

##### Acute toxicity :

HYDROCARBONS, C6, ISOALKANES, <5% N-HEXANE

Oral route : LD50 > 5000 mg/kg  
Species : Rat

Dermal route : LD50 > 3000 mg/kg  
Species : Rat  
OCDE Ligne directrice 402 (Toxicité aiguë par voie cutanée)

Inhalation route : LC50 > 20 mg/l  
Species : Rat  
OCDE Ligne directrice 403 (Toxicité aiguë par inhalation)

DICHLOROMETHANE (CAS: 75-09-2)

Oral route : LD50 > 2000 mg/kg  
Species : Rat

Dermal route : LD50 > 2000 mg/kg  
Species : Rat

Inhalation route : LC50 = 86 mg/l  
Species : Mouse

#### 11.1.2. Mixture

No toxicological data available for the mixture.

## SECTION 12 : ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

The product must not be allowed to run into drains or waterways.

### 12.1. Toxicity

#### 12.1.1. Substances

DICHLOROMETHANE (CAS: 75-09-2)

Fish toxicity : LC50 = 97 mg/l  
Species : Fundulus heteroclitus  
Duration of exposure : 96 h

Crustacean toxicity : EC50 = 27 mg/l  
Species : Daphnia magna  
Duration of exposure : 48 h



#### 12.1.2. Mixtures

No aquatic toxicity data available for the mixture.

#### 12.2. Persistence and degradability

##### 12.2.1. Substances

ORANGE, SWEET, EXT. (CAS: 8028-48-6)

Biodegradability : no degradability data is available, the substance is considered as not degrading quickly.

HYDROCARBONS, C6, ISOALKANES, <5% N-HEXANE

Biodegradability : no degradability data is available, the substance is considered as not degrading quickly.

DICHLOROMETHANE (CAS: 75-09-2)

Biodegradability : no degradability data is available, the substance is considered as not degrading quickly.

#### 12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

No data available.

#### 12.4. Mobility in soil

No data available.

#### 12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

No data available.

#### 12.6. Other adverse effects

No data available.

### SECTION 13 : DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Proper waste management of the mixture and/or its container must be determined in accordance with Directive 2008/98/EC.

#### 13.1. Waste treatment methods

Do not pour into drains or waterways.

##### Waste :

Waste management is carried out without endangering human health, without harming the environment and, in particular without risk to water, air, soil, plants or animals.

Recycle or dispose of waste in compliance with current legislation, preferably via a certified collector or company.

Do not contaminate the ground or water with waste, do not dispose of waste into the environment.

##### Soiled packaging :

Empty container completely. Keep label(s) on container.

Give to a certified disposal contractor.

##### Codes of wastes (Decision 2001/573/EC, Directive 2006/12/EEC, Directive 94/31/EEC on hazardous waste) :

07 06 03 \* organic halogenated solvents, washing liquids and mother liquors

The code waste is attributed for the standard application of the product. This code will be confirmed and/or completed by the user, according to its business sector and to the final application of the product.

### SECTION 14 : TRANSPORT INFORMATION

Transport product in compliance with provisions of the ADR for road, RID for rail, IMDG for sea and ICAO/IATA for air transport (ADR 2013 - IMDG 2012 - ICAO/IATA 2014).

#### 14.1. UN number

1950

#### 14.2. UN proper shipping name

UN1950=AEROSOLS, toxic

#### 14.3. Transport hazard class(es)

- Classification :

2.2+6.1

#### 14.4. Packing group

-

#### 14.5. Environmental hazards

-

#### 14.6. Special precautions for user

ADR/RID	Class	Code	Pack gr.	Label	Ident.	LQ	Provis.	EQ	Cat.	Tunnel
	2	5T	-	2.2+6.1	-	120 ml	190 327 344 625	E0	1	D
IMDG	Class	2°Label	Pack gr.	LQ	EMS	Provis.	EQ			
	2.2+6.1	See SP63	-	SP277	F-D,S-U	63 190 277 327 344 959	E0			
IATA	Class	2°Label	Pack gr.	Passager	Passager	Cargo	Cargo	note	EQ	
	2.2	6.1	-	203	75 kg	203	150 kg	A145 A167 A802	E0	
	2.2	6.1	-	Y203	30 kg G	-	-	A145 A167 A802	E0	

For limited quantities, see part 2.7 of the OACI/IATA and chapter 3.4 of the ADR and IMDG. For excepted quantities, see part 2.6 of the OACI/IATA and chapter 3.5 of the ADR and IMDG.

#### 14.7. Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL73/78 and the IBC Code

No data available.

## SECTION 15 : REGULATORY INFORMATION

### 15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

#### - Classification and labelling information included in section 2:

The following regulations have been used:

- Directive 67/548/EEC and its adaptations
- Directive 1999/45/EC and its adaptations
- Directive 75/734/CEE modified by directive 2013/10/UE
- Regulation EC 1272/2008 modified by regulation EC 618/2012
- EU Regulation No. 1272/2008 amended by EU Regulation No. 758/2013.

#### - Container information:

No data available.

#### - Particular provisions :

No data available.

#### - Labelling for detergents (EC Regulation No. 648/2004,907/2006) :

- 5 % or over but less than 15 % : aliphatic hydrocarbons
- 30 % and more : halogenated hydrocarbons

### 15.2. Chemical safety assessment

No data available.

## SECTION 16 : OTHER INFORMATION

Since the user's working conditions are not known by us, the information supplied on this safety data sheet is based on our current level of knowledge and on national and community regulations.

The mixture must not be used for other uses than those specified in section 1 without having first obtained written handling instructions.

It is at all times the responsibility of the user to take all necessary measures to comply with legal requirements and local regulations.

The information in this safety data sheet must be regarded as a description of the safety requirements relating to the mixture and not as a guarantee of the properties thereof.

#### In compliance with directives 67/548/EEC, 1999/45/EC and their amendments.

Hazard symbols :



Harmful

Contains :

EC 232-433-8

ORANGE, SWEET, EXT.

EC 200-838-9

DICHLOROMETHANE

6.4% by mass of the contents are flammable.

Risk phrase :

R 52/53

Harmful to aquatic organisms, may cause long-term adverse effects in the aquatic environment.

R 43

May cause sensitisation by skin contact.

R 36/37/38

Irritating to eyes, respiratory system and skin.

R 48/20/22

Harmful: danger of serious damage to health by prolonged exposure through inhalation and if

	swallowed.
R 40	Limited evidence of a carcinogenic effect.
R 67	Vapours may cause drowsiness and dizziness.
Safety phrase :	
S 23	Do not breathe vapour/spray.
S 36/37	Wear suitable protective clothing and gloves. Pressurized container: protect from sunlight and do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50°C. Do not pierce or burn, even after use.
S 26	In case of contact with eyes, rinse immediately with plenty of water and seek medical advice.
S 60	This material and its container must be disposed of as hazardous waste.
S 45	In case of accident or if you feel unwell, seek medical advice immediately (show the label where possible).
S 2	Keep out of the reach of children.
S 51	Use only in well-ventilated areas. Product submitted to restrictions on the marketing and use: see Directive 76/769/EEC and its ensuing adaptations.

**Title for H, EUH and R indications mentioned in section 3 :**

H225	Highly flammable liquid and vapour.
H226	Flammable liquid and vapour.
H281	Contains refrigerated gas; may cause cryogenic burns or injury.
H304	May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.
H315	Causes skin irritation.
H317	May cause an allergic skin reaction.
H319	Causes serious eye irritation.
H335	May cause respiratory irritation.
H336	May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
H351	Suspected of causing cancer .
H373	May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure .
H400	Very toxic to aquatic life.
H410	Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
H411	Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
R 10	Flammable.
R 11	Highly flammable.
R 36/37/38	Irritating to eyes, respiratory system and skin.
R 38	Irritating to skin.
R 40.C3	Limited evidence of a carcinogenic effect.
R 43	May cause sensitisation by skin contact.
R 48/20/22	Harmful: danger of serious damage to health by prolonged exposure through inhalation and if swallowed.
R 50/53	Very toxic to aquatic organisms, may cause long-term adverse effects in the aquatic environment.
R 51/53	Toxic to aquatic organisms, may cause long-term adverse effects in the aquatic environment.
R 65	Harmful: may cause lung damage if swallowed.
R 67	Vapours may cause drowsiness and dizziness.

**Abbreviations :**

DNEL : Derived No-Effect Level

CMR: Carcinogenic, mutagenic or reprotoxic.

ADR : European agreement concerning the international carriage of dangerous goods by Road.

IMDG : International Maritime Dangerous Goods.

IATA : International Air Transport Association.

ICAO : International Civil Aviation Organisation

RID : Regulations concerning the International carriage of Dangerous goods by rail.

WGK : Wassergefährdungsklasse (Water Hazard Class).

GHS07 : Exclamation mark

GHS08 : Health hazard